

Fixed Income Investor Presentation

Philip Berlinski, Global Treasurer

Sheara Fredman, Chief Accounting Officer and Controller

November 9, 2023



Committed to Our Strategy

Grow and Strengthen Existing Businesses

Diversify Our Products and Services

Operate More Efficiently

Driving Credit Positives

Enhanced Franchise Strength

More Stable, Durable Revenues and Earnings

Strong Capital Position

Increasingly Diversified Funding Mix

+370bps wallet share gains in GBM since 2019YE¹

>50% growth in Management & other fees since 2019YE²

14.8% Standardized CET1 ratio, 180bps buffer³; 68% reduction in HPI assets⁴ since 2019YE

112% growth in deposits since 2019YE

Managing Key Risks in the Current Environment

- ✓ Deeply experienced first-line risk takers
- ✓ Independent risk oversight and control function
- ✓ Mark-to-market discipline and stress testing
- ✓ Disciplined risk-reward approach



- Credit risk
- Market risk
- Operational risk
- Liquidity risk
- Capital risk
- Reputational risk
- Compliance risk
- Climate risk
- Model risk

Since
4Q19



>30%

Increase in common
shareholders' equity

>70%

Increase in average
global core liquid assets (GCLA)

-11pts

Decrease in unsecured
borrowings as % of total funding

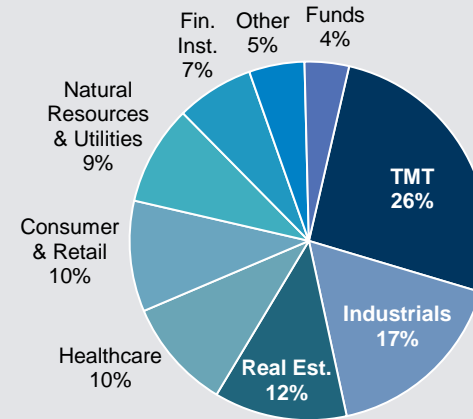
Asset Quality & Credit Overview

Loan Portfolio Breakdown (\$bn)

	3Q23	2Q23	3Q22
Corporate	37	38	40
Commercial real estate	26	28	30
Residential real estate	24	24	24
Securities-based	15	15	18
Other collateralized	55	54	49
Installment	6	5	5
Credit cards	18	17	14
Other	2	2	2
Allowance for loan losses	(5)	(5)	(5)
Total Loans	\$178	\$178	\$177



3Q23 Corporate Loans by Industry¹

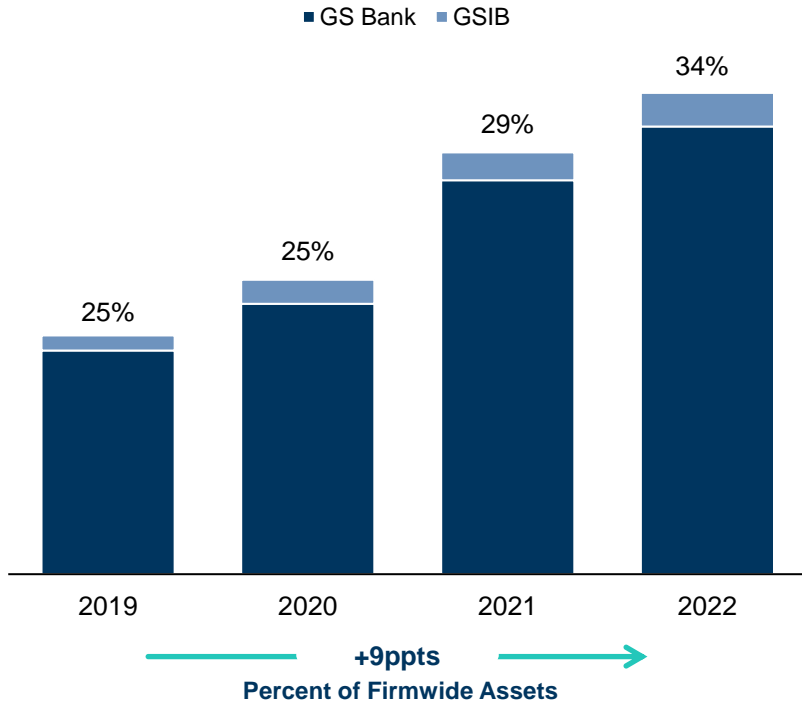


3Q23 Key Credit Metrics



Strategic Asset Growth in Bank Entities

Assets in Bank Entities¹

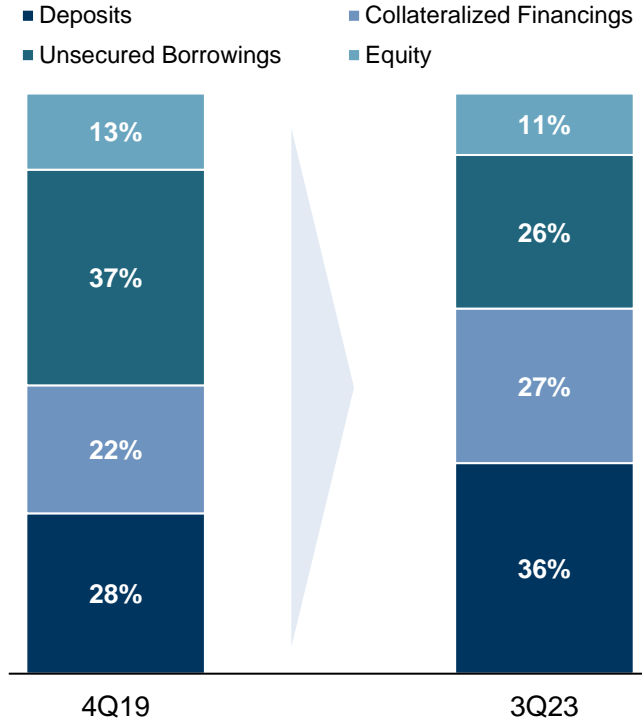


Key Highlights

- ✓ Growing our bank footprint as a percent of our overall firm
- ✓ Central to the firm's strategic objectives of strengthening existing businesses and diversifying business mix
- ✓ Optimizing the firm's funding, liquidity and capital position

Increasingly Diversified Funding Mix

Funding Mix Evolution



Tenets of Our Funding Strategy

- ✓ Diversified funding mix across various products, issuing entities, currencies, tenors and investor types
- ✓ Maintain a sufficiently liquid balance sheet
- ✓ Dynamically manage funding profile based on characteristics and liquidity profile of our assets

Issuance Strategy and Plan

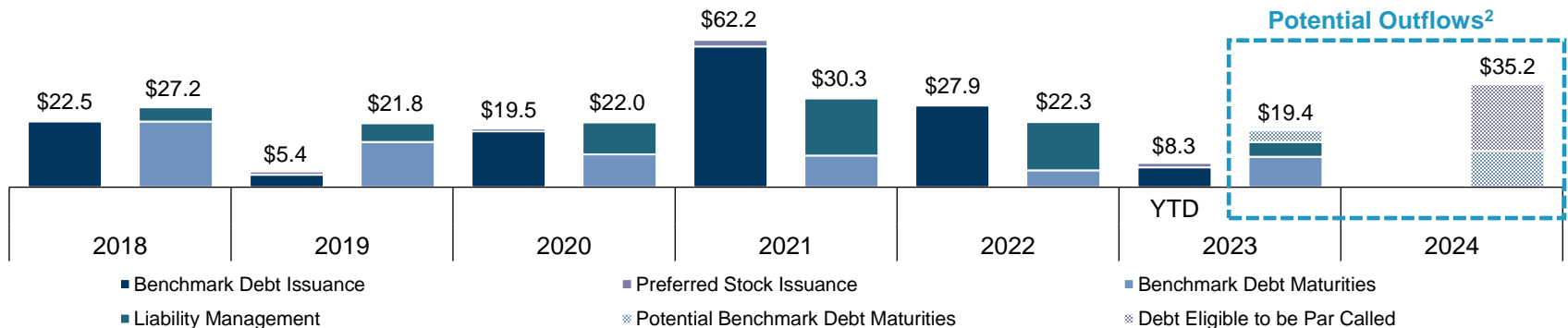
YTD Benchmark and Preferred Issuance

- ✓ YTD 2023 benchmark issuance has been significantly lower compared to 2022
 - \$6.75bn of USD issuance with a WAM¹ of ~6 years
- ✓ Called \$4.1bn of outstanding benchmark debt year-to-date
- ✓ Issued \$0.5bn of preferred stock net of redemptions
- ✓ In 2024, we expect to revert to a more normalized level of issuance

Non-benchmark Issuance

- ✓ ~\$142bn of unsecured non-benchmark debt securities outstanding as of 3Q23
 - Includes structured debt and commercial paper
 - Issued across various entities
 - Provides access to institutional and retail channels

Benchmark Debt and Preferred Stock Issuances vs. Maturities (\$bn)

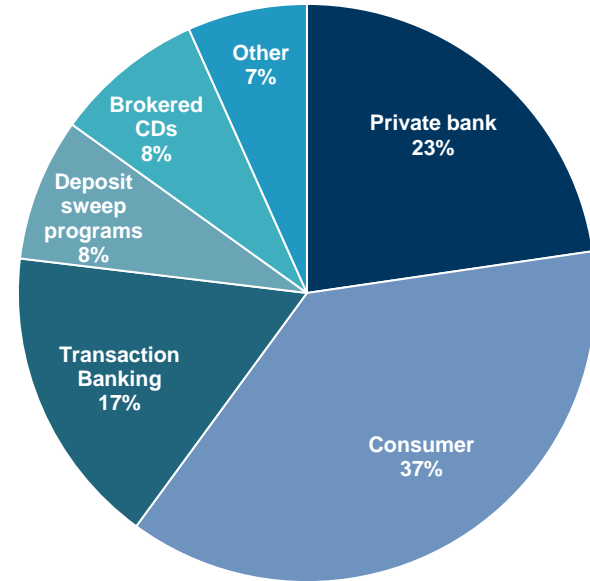


Stable and Diversified Deposits

Deposit Characteristics

- ✓ Diversified by tenor and deposit channel including consumer, private bank, corporate, deposit sweep programs, institutional and brokered CDs
 - 25% are time deposits
- ✓ 66% of our total US deposits are FDIC insured and 27% of our non-US deposits are insured by non-US programs as of 3Q23
 - 92% of US consumer deposits are insured
- ✓ Deposits make up 58% of unsecured funding liabilities as of 3Q23, above the 50% target¹, reducing reliance on higher-cost unsecured debt
- ✓ Substantially all deposits are interest-bearing

Deposit Composition



Total Deposits: \$403bn

Conservative Liquidity Risk Management

Liquidity Principles

- ✓ **Excess Liquidity:** Prefund estimated potential liquidity needs in a short-term stressed environment
- ✓ **Asset-Liability Management:** Conservative asset and liability management designed to ensure stability of financing
- ✓ **Stress Testing:** Rigorous and conservative stress tests underpin our excess liquidity and asset-liability management frameworks (e.g., MLO)
- ✓ **Contingency Funding Plan:** Maintain a contingency funding plan to provide a framework for analyzing and responding to a liquidity crisis or market stress

Robust Liquidity Position

125%
Average Daily
Liquidity Coverage
Ratio in 3Q23

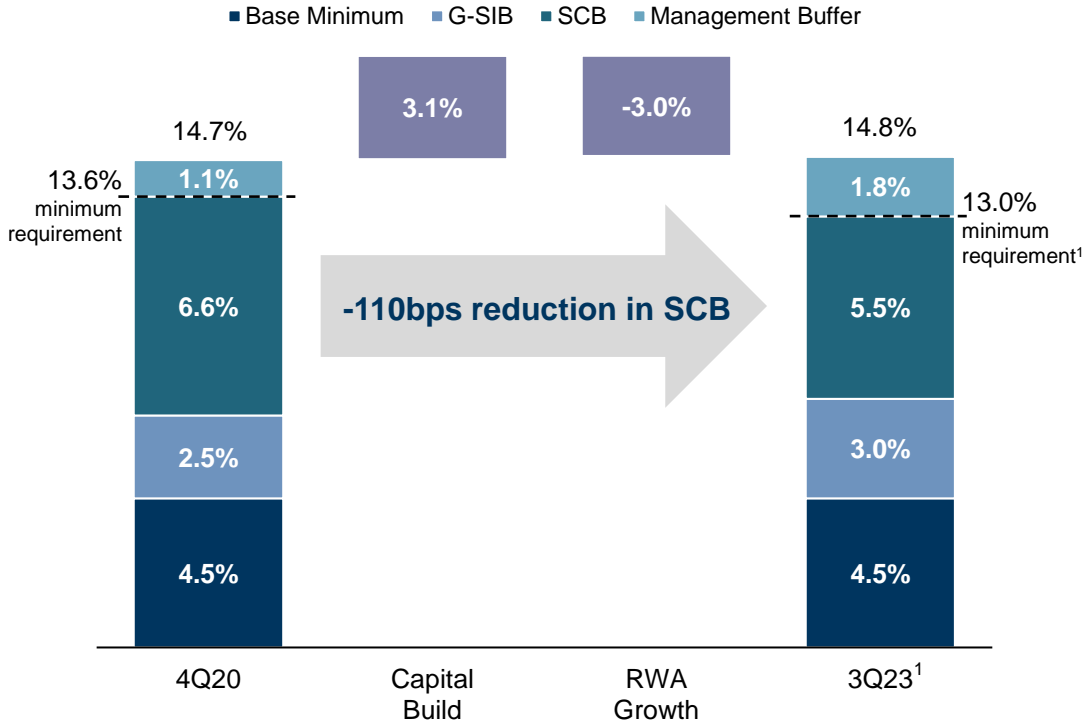
117%
Average Daily
Net Stable Funding
Ratio in 3Q23

\$406bn
Average GCLA
in 3Q23

\$316bn
Average Eligible
HQLA in 3Q23

Dynamic Capital Management

Standardized CET1 Ratio

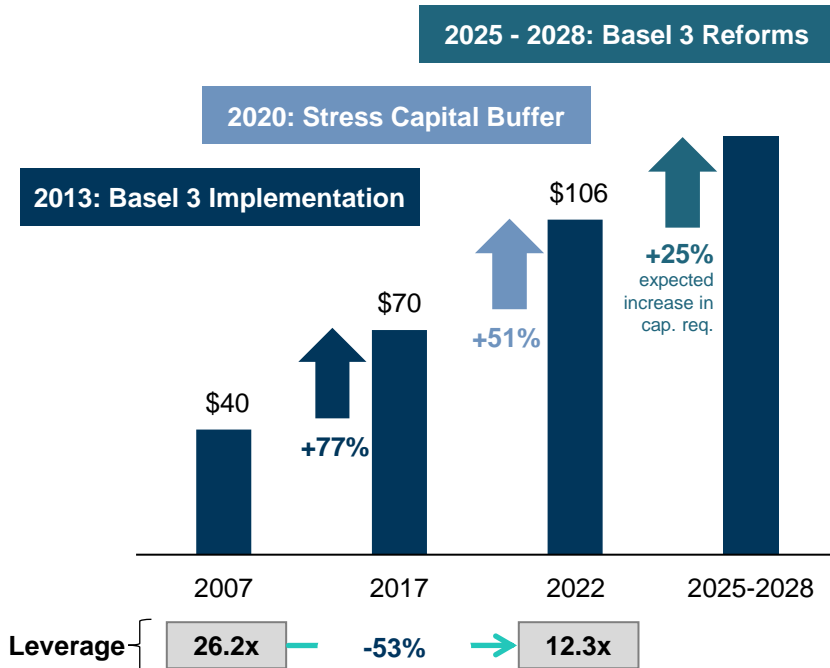


Capital Management Philosophy

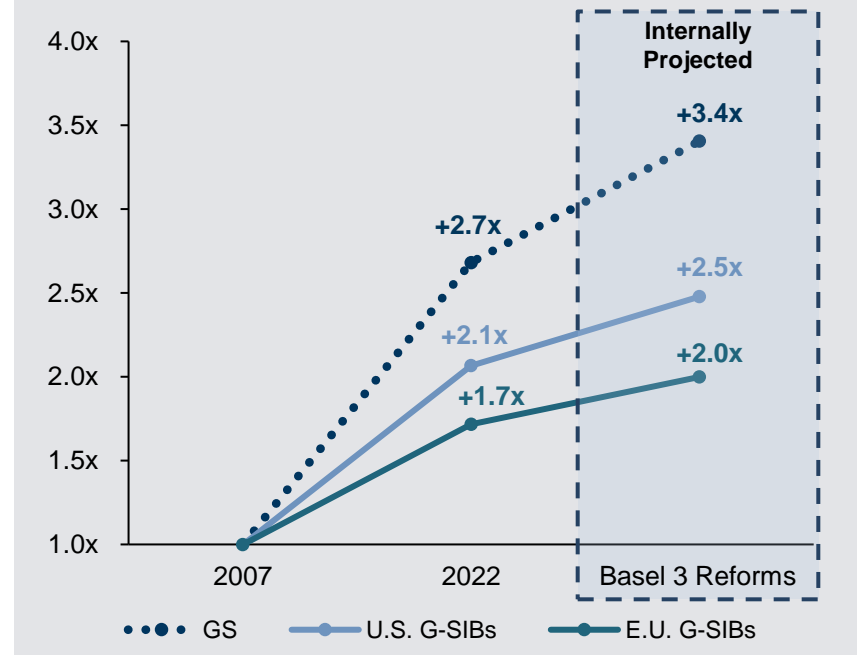
- ✓ Invest in accretive opportunities
- ✓ Pay a sustainable dividend
- ✓ Return excess capital via buybacks
- ✓ Target Standardized CET1 ratio in excess of regulatory minimum by 50-100bps

Basel 3 Reforms Would Add to GS' Already Strong Capital Position

GS Common Equity Growth Over Time (\$bn)



Industry Common Equity Growth Over Time



Basel 3 Reforms Would Change Requirements for All RWA Components

Increased RWAs Across All Components



Fully Additive Components



Potential Basel 3 Reform Implications

**Increases cost of
credit across the
industry**

**Decreases
competitiveness of US
capital markets
business**

**Drives activity to the
shadow banking
industry**

Successfully Executing Our Strategic Plan

Material progress in executing our credit-positive strategy

Strong capital and liquidity position

Increasingly diversified funding mix

Track record of superior risk management

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End Notes

Note: All data as of the end of 3Q23, unless otherwise indicated.

These notes refer to the financial metrics and/or defined terms presented on:

Slide 1:

1. Total wallet share growth between year-end 2019 and year-end 2022 based on reported revenues for Advisory, Equity underwriting, Debt underwriting, FICC and Equities. Total wallet includes GS, MS, JPM, C, BAC, DB, BARC, UBS and CS
2. 3Q23YTD revenues annualized
3. 13.0% Standardized CET1 minimum requirement as of October 1, 2023
4. HPI assets refers to Historical Principal Investments, which includes consolidated investment entities (CIEs) and other legacy investments the firm intends to exit over the medium-term (medium-term refers to a 3-5 year time horizon from year-end 2022)

Slide 3:

1. Industry names shortened for pie chart: Technology, Media & Telecommunications (TMT), Diversified Industrials, Real Estate, Financial Institutions
2. At amortized cost

Slide 4:

1. Excludes affiliated assets

Slide 6:

Note: Data on this slide is as of October 31, 2023, unless otherwise indicated

1. WAM refers to weighted average maturity
2. Numbers are based on the earliest possible outflow date. Potential outflows for 2023 and 2024 are as of October 31, 2023. Potential outflows for 2023 include \$14.3bn of contractual maturities and \$5.1bn of liability management (including the \$1bn redemption of GS Series J Preferred stock). Potential outflows for 2024 include \$12.5bn of contractual maturities and \$22.7bn of debt eligible to be par called

Slide 7:

1. 3-year target set at Investor Day 2020

Slide 9:

1. CET1 minimum requirement and component pieces effective as of October 1, 2023

Cautionary Note on Forward-Looking Statements

Statements about the firm's target metrics, including its target ROE, ROTE, efficiency ratio and CET1 capital ratios, and how they can be achieved, and statements about future operating expense (including future litigation expense), efficiency ratio targets and expense savings initiatives, the impact of Russia's invasion of Ukraine and related sanctions and other developments on the firm's business, results, financial position and liquidity, fundraising initiatives and amount and composition of future Assets under Supervision and related revenues, anticipated asset sales, increases in wallet share, planned debt issuances, growth of deposits and other funding, asset liability management and funding strategies and associated interest expense savings, the timing and profitability of its business initiatives and narrowing of its consumer business initiatives, its ability to increase its market share in incumbent businesses and its ability to achieve more durable revenues and higher returns from these initiatives, the future state of our liquidity and regulatory capital ratios and our prospective capital distribution (including dividends and repurchases), are forward-looking statements, and it is possible that the firm's actual results may differ, possibly materially, from the targeted results indicated in these statements.

Forward looking statements, including those about the firm's target ROE, ROTE, efficiency ratio, CET1 capital ratios and expense savings, and how they can be achieved, are based on the firm's current expectations regarding its business prospects, capital requirements and our ability to sell assets and are subject to the risk that the firm may be unable to achieve its targets due to, among other things, changes in the firm's business mix, lower profitability of new business initiatives, increases in technology and other costs to launch and bring new business initiatives to scale, increases in liquidity requirements and lower revenues and asset sales than expected due to, among other factors, changes in economic or market conditions. Statements about the projected growth of the firm's deposits and other funding, asset liability management and funding strategies and associated interest expense savings are subject to the risk that actual growth and savings may differ, possibly materially from that currently anticipated due to, among other things, changes in interest rates applicable to the firm and are subject to the risk that the firm's actual capital requirements may be higher than currently anticipated because of, among other factors, changes in the regulatory capital requirements applicable to the firm resulting from changes in regulations or the interpretation or application of existing regulations or changes in the nature and composition of the firm's activities or its expectations around the sale of assets. Statements about the timing, profitability, benefits and other prospective aspects of business and expense savings initiatives, the achievability of medium and long-term targets, the level and composition of more durable revenues and increases in market share are based on the firm's current expectations regarding its ability to implement these initiatives and achieve these targets and goals and may change, possibly materially, from what is currently expected. Statements about the impact of Russia's invasion of Ukraine and related sanctions and other developments on the firm's business, results, financial position and liquidity are subject to the risks that hostilities may escalate and expand, that sanctions may increase and that the actual impact may differ, possibly materially, from what is currently expected. Statements about the future state of our liquidity and regulatory capital ratios (including our SCB and G-SIB surcharge), and our prospective capital distributions (including dividends and repurchases), are subject to the risk that our actual liquidity, regulatory capital ratios and capital distributions may differ, possibly materially, from what is currently expected due to, among other things, the need to use capital to support clients, increased regulatory requirements resulting from changes in regulations or the interpretation or application of existing regulations, results of applicable supervisory stress tests, changes to the composition of our balance sheet and the impact of taxes on share repurchases. Statements about the estimated impact of proposed, but not finalized, capital rules are subject to change as we continue to analyze the proposals and are subject to the risk that the final rules may differ from the proposed rules, our assets and liabilities may change, and we may underestimate the actual impact of the final rules. Due to the inherent uncertainty in these forward-looking statements, investors should not place undue reliance on the firm's ability to achieve these results.

For information about some of the risks and important factors that could affect the firm's future results, financial condition and liquidity and the forward-looking statements above, see "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 1A of the firm's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022. You should also read the cautionary notes on forward-looking statements in the firm's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 and on the firm's Quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2023.

The statements in the presentation are current only as of November 9, 2023 and the firm does not undertake to update forward-looking statements to reflect the impact of subsequent events or circumstances.